Cell Division Study Guide

1. List 2 reasons why cells divide instead of just getting bigger?

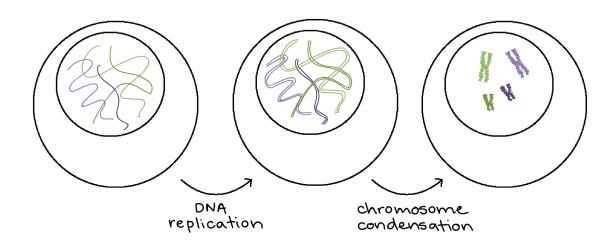
1. skip 2. skip

- What are eukaryotes and what reason(s) do they have for cell division? Eukaryotes: have membrane bound nucleus, Animals, Plants, Protists, Fungi
 3 reasons for division: growth, repair, replacing old cells, asexual reproduction
- 3. What are some examples of eukaryotic cells in humans that go through mitosis? List some examples of these cells. Skin cells, bone cells, stomach cells
- 4. When eukaryotic cells divide how do chromosome numbers compare between the parent cell and the daughter cell?

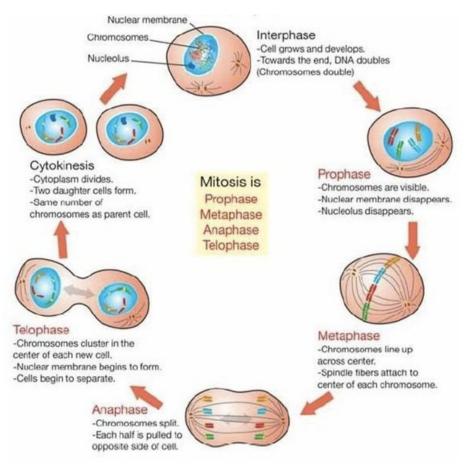
Same If parent cell has 50 chromosomes, daughter cell will have 50 chromosomes

- 5. What are the 3 major stages of cell the cell cycle? What is the major purpose of each stage?
 - 1. _____: interphase
 - 2. _____: mitosis
 - 3. _____: cytokinesis
- Of the above three stages listed, which 2 make up the M phase(actual cell division)? <u>mitosis</u> <u>cytokinesis</u>

- 6. List the 3 main stages of the cell cycle and the subphases that make each of them up.
 - Interphase
 G1 S G2
 Mitosis
 Prophase Metaphase Anaphase Telophase
 - 3. Cytokinesis
- 7. Draw and describe how DNA changes form before and after cell division.



8. Draw what the cell looks like in each phase below. **Describe what happens** in each stage below the drawings.



9. What are the major differences between plant cell division and animal cell division.

Animal cells: cleavage furrow forms Plant cells: cell wall forms from cell plate and vesicles

10- 14. List and define the levels of organization starting at the simplest level to most complex.

10. cell

11. tissue

12. organ

13. organ system

14. organism

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